

MUHANDISLIK

& IQTISODIYOT

ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy, innovatsion texnik,
fan va ta'limga oid ilmiy-amaliy jurnal

2026
mart



**TOSHKENT SHAHRIDAGI TURIN
POLITEXNIKA UNIVERSITETI**

*Xalqaro ilmiy-amaliy onlayn konferensiya
materiallari to'plami*

**“GLOBAL RAQAMLI INTEGRATSIYALASHUV:
2030-YILGACHA YASHIL IQTISODIYOTGA O'TISHDA
TEXNOLOGIK VA INDUSTRIAL SANOATNI RIVOJLANTIRISH
ORQALI MIKRO VA MAKROIQTISODIY BARQAROR
O'SISHNI TA'MINLASH DOLZARBLIGI”**

**“GLOBAL DIGITAL INTEGRATION: THE RELEVANCE OF
ENSURING MICRO AND MACROECONOMIC SUSTAINABLE
GROWTH THROUGH TECHNOLOGICAL AND INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT IN THE TRANSITION TO A GREEN
ECONOMY BY 2030”**

**«ГЛОБАЛЬНАЯ ЦИФРОВАЯ ИНТЕГРАЦИЯ:
АКТУАЛЬНОСТЬ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ УСТОЙЧИВОГО
МИКРО- И МАКРОЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО РОСТА ЧЕРЕЗ
РАЗВИТИЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИЧЕСКОЙ И ИНДУСТРИАЛЬНОЙ
ПРОМЫШЛЕННОСТИ В ПЕРЕХОДЕ К ЗЕЛЁНОЙ
ЭКОНОМИКЕ К 2030 ГОДУ»**

3-MAXSUS SON



74-91 xalqaro daraja
ISSN: 2992-8982



muhandislik & iqtisodiyot

ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy, innovatsion texnik,
fan va ta'limga oid ilmiy-amaliy jurnal

*Elektron nashr.
2026-yil, mart.*

Bosh muharrir:

Zokirova Nodira Kalandarovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, DSc, professor

Bosh muharrir o'rinbosari:

Shakarov Zafar G'afarovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori, PhD, dotsent

Tahrir hay'ati:

Abduraxmanov Kalandar Xodjayevich, O'z FA akademigi, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Sharipov Kongratbay Avezimbetovich, texnika fanlari doktori, professor

Maxkamov Baxtiyor Shuxratovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Abduraxmanova Gulnora Kalandarovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Shaumarov Said Sanatovich, texnika fanlari doktori, professor

Turayev Bahodir Xatamovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Nasimov Dilmurod Abdulloyevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Allayeva Gulchexra Jalgasovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Arabov Nurali Uralovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Maxmudov Odiljon Xolmirzayevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Xamrayeva Sayyora Nasimovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Bobonazarova Jamila Xolmurodovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Irmatova Aziza Baxromovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Bo'taboyev Mahammadjon To'ychiyevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Shamshiyeva Nargizaxon Nosirxuja kizi, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor,

Xolmuxamedov Muhsinjon Murodullayevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent

Xodjayeva Nodiraxon Abdurashidovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent

Amanov Otabek Amankulovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent

Toxirov Jaloliddin Ochil o'g'li, texnika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Qurbonov Samandar Pulatovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Zikriyoyev Aziz Sadulloyevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Tabayev Azamat Zaripbayevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Sxay Lana Aleksandrovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent

Ismoilova Gulnora Fayzullayevna, iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent

Djumaniyazov Umrbek Ixamovich, iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent

Kasimova Nargiza Sabitdjanovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent

Kalanova Moxigul Baxritdinovna, dotsent

Ashurzoda Luiza Muxtarovna, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Sharipov Sardor Begmaxmat o'g'li, iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Tursunov Ulug'bek Sativoldiyevich, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori (DSc), dotsent

Bauyetdinov Majit Janizaqovich, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti dotsenti, PhD

Botirov Bozorbek Musurmon o'g'li, Texnika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)

Sultonov Shavkatjon Abdullayevich, Kimyo fanlari doktori, (DSc)

Jo'raeva Malohat Muhammadovna, filologiya fanlari doktori (DSc), professor.

muhandislik & iqtisodiyot

ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy, innovatsion texnik,
fan va ta'limga oid ilmiy-amaliy jurnal

- 05.01.00 – Axborot texnologiyalari, boshqaruv va kompyuter grafikasi
- 05.01.01 – Muhandislik geometriyasi va kompyuter grafikasi. Audio va video texnologiyalari
- 05.01.02 – Tizimli tahlil, boshqaruv va axborotni qayta ishlash
- 05.01.03 – Informatikaning nazariy asoslari
- 05.01.04 – Hisoblash mashinalari, majmualari va kompyuter tarmoqlarining matematik va dasturiy ta'minoti
- 05.01.05 – Axborotlarni himoyalash usullari va tizimlari. Axborot xavfsizligi
- 05.01.06 – Hisoblash texnikasi va boshqaruv tizimlarining elementlari va qurilmalari
- 05.01.07 – Matematik modellash
- 05.01.11 – Raqamli texnologiyalar va sun'iy intellekt
- 05.02.00 – Mashinasozlik va mashinashunoslik
- 05.02.08 – Yer usti majmualari va uchish apparatlari
- 05.03.02 – Metrologiya va metrologiya ta'minoti
- 05.04.01 – Telekommunikatsiya va kompyuter tizimlari, telekommunikatsiya tarmoqlari va qurilmalari. Axborotlarni taqsimlash
- 05.05.03 – Yorug'lik texnikasi. Maxsus yoritish texnologiyasi
- 05.05.05 – Issiqlik texnikasining nazariy asoslari
- 05.05.06 – Qayta tiklanadigan energiya turlari asosidagi energiya qurilmalari
- 05.06.01 – To'qimachilik va yengil sanoat ishlab chiqarishlari materialshunosligi
- 05.08.03 – Temir yo'l transportini ishlatish
- 05.09.01 – Qurilish konstruksiyalari, bino va inshootlar
- 05.09.04 – Suv ta'minoti. Kanalizatsiya. Suv havzalarini muhofazalovchi qurilish tizimlari
- 10.00.06 – Qiyosiy adabiyotshunoslik, chog'ishtirma tilshunoslik va tarjimashunoslik
- 10.00.04 – Yevropa, Amerika va Avstraliya xalqlari tili va adabiyoti
- 08.00.01 – Iqtisodiyot nazariyasi
- 08.00.02 – Makroiqtisodiyot
- 08.00.03 – Sanoat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.04 – Qishloq xo'jaligi iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.05 – Xizmat ko'rsatish tarmoqlari iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.06 – Ekonometrika va statistika
- 08.00.07 – Moliya, pul muomalasi va kredit
- 08.00.08 – Buxgalteriya hisobi, iqtisodiy tahlil va audit
- 08.00.09 – Jahon iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.10 – Demografiya. Mehnat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.11 – Marketing
- 08.00.12 – Mintaqaviy iqtisodiyot
- 08.00.13 – Menejment
- 08.00.14 – Iqtisodiyotda axborot tizimlari va texnologiyalari
- 08.00.15 – Tadbirkorlik va kichik biznes iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.16 – Raqamli iqtisodiyot va xalqaro raqamli integratsiya
- 08.00.17 – Turizm va mehmonxona faoliyati

Ma'lumot uchun, OAK

Rayosatining 2024-yil 28-avgustdagi 360/5-son qarori bilan "Dissertatsiyalar asosiy ilmiy natijalarini chop etishga tavsiya etilgan milliy ilmiy nashrlar ro'yxati"ga texnika va iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha "Muhandislik va iqtisodiyot" jurnali ro'yxatga kiritilgan.

Muassis: "Tadbirkor va ishbilarmon" MChJ

Hamkorlarimiz:

1. Toshkent shahridagi G.V.Plexanov nomidagi Rossiya iqtisodiyot universiteti
2. Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti
3. Toshkent irrigatsiya va qishloq xo'jaligini mexanizatsiyalash muhandislari instituti" milliy tadqiqot universiteti
4. Islom Karimov nomidagi Toshkent davlat texnika universiteti
5. Muhammad al-Xorazmiy nomidagi Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti
6. Toshkent davlat transport universiteti
7. Toshkent arxitektura-qurilish universiteti
8. Toshkent kimyo-texnologiya universiteti
9. Jizzax politexnika instituti



MUNDARIJA

ICT week Uzbekistan 2025: Milliy texnologiyalar haftaligining yakunlari va ularning O'zbekiston IT-ekotizimiga ta'siri.....	16
Jumaboyev Akmaljon Sheraliyevich	
THE ROLE OF STATE FINANCIAL CONTROL IN THE EFFICIENT USE OF BUDGET FUNDS	20
Gulyor Akhmatovna Kasimova, Biybinaz Makhmut qizi Esenbaeva	
РОЛЬ ЦИФРОВЫХ ПЛАТЁЖНЫХ СИСТЕМ В ФОРМИРОВАНИИ ФИНТЕХ-ЭКОСИСТЕМЫ РЕСПУБЛИКИ УЗБЕКИСТАН	22
Шамахмудова Шоира Олег кизи	
UZBEKISTAN'S STRATEGY FOR TRANSITION TO A GREEN ECONOMY: LABOR MARKET TRANSFORMATION, CHALLENGES AND PROSPECTIVE OPPORTUNITIES.....	27
Akbarova Barno Shukhratovna, Chintemirova Diyora Shukhratovna	
MODELS FOR MANAGING EDUCATIONAL REFORMS IN THE CONTEXT OF CULTURAL DIFFERENCES.....	32
Abdulmajeed Nabeel Azouz	
4-SANOAT INQILOBINING RAQAMLI TURIZMGA TA'SIRINI BAHOLASH	38
Sevinchova Nilufar Ne'mat qizi	
КОНЦЕПТУАЛЬНАЯ МОДЕЛЬ ИНТЕГРИРОВАННОЙ СИСТЕМЫ ESG-ТРАНСФОРМАЦИИ ПРОМЫШЛЕННОГО ПРЕДПРИЯТИЯ КАК ДРАЙВЕР ИНВЕСТИЦИОННОЙ ПРИВЛЕКАТЕЛЬНОСТИ.....	41
Ташпулатов Дильмурад Рустамович	
RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOTDA FOIZSIZ MOLIYA MEKANIZMLARINING RIVOJLANISH ISTIQBOLLARI.....	44
Adilov Zuxriddin Marip o'g'li	
XIZMAT KO'RSATISH TARMOG'INI RIVOJLANTIRISH VA BOSHQARISHNI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH	47
Tadjimirzayev Anvar Abduvaxidovich	
RAQAMLI IQTISODIY DINAMIKANI KOMPLEKS FUNKSIYALAR YORDAMIDA MODELLASHTIRISH.....	52
Ibrohimova Nilufar Qahramon qizi	
SANOAT SEKTORIDA BARQAROR RIVOJLANISHNI TA'MINLASHDA "YASHIL" INVESTITSİYALARINING IQTISODIY AHAMIYATI.....	55
Ibragimov Zaxid Taxirovich	
LOGISTIKA PROVAYDERLARI XIZMATLARIDAN FOYDALANISH ASOSIDA TEMIR YO'L TRANSPORTI RAQOBATBARDOSHLIGINI OSHIRISH.....	59
Raximov Xasan Shukurjonovich	
СОВРЕМЕННЫЕ ПОДХОДЫ К ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЮ ИНСТРУМЕНТОВ УПРАВЛЕНИЯ ПРОЕКТАМИ В РАЗЛИЧНЫХ ОТРАСЛЯХ ЭКОНОМИКИ	64
Сидиков Зиёдулло Равшанович, Холиярова Шохиста Кахрамоновна	
SUG'URTA TASHKILOTLARINING BOZOR IQTISODIYOTIDAGI AHAMIYATI	68
Azamatova G.I.	
DON MAHSULOTLARINI YETISHTIRISH VA QAYTA ISHLASHDA INVESTITSİYALAR SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISH YO'LLARI.....	71
Po'latova Sug'diyona, S.Y.Xamidova	
MAHALLIY BUDJETLARNING DAROMAD BAZASINI KENGAYTIRISH ASOSIDA XARAJATLAR BARQARORLIGINI TA'MINLASH (SURXONDARYO VILOYATI MISOLIDA).....	74
Safarmurodova Marjona To'raqulovna	
O'ZBEKISTONDA INVESTITSIYA FAOLIYATINI RIVOJLANTIRISHDA SOLIQ IMTIYOZLARI VA PREFERENSIYALARINING IQTISODIY AHAMIYATI.....	77
Allaberganova Kumush Javlonbek qizi, Beknazarova N.T.	



РАЗВИТИЕ OPEN BANKING КАК ДРАЙВЕР ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ КОНКУРЕНТНОЙ ФИНТЕХ-ЭКОСИСТЕМЫ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ	80
Эшмуротов Дониёр Ихтиёр ўғли	
NAVIGATING TAX RISKS ARISING IN THE MANAGEMENT OF ENTERPRISES.....	83
Maxmudov Rahimjon Hamid o'g'li	
DVIGATELNING TASHQI TEZLIK TAVSIFNOMASIGA DVIGATEL QUVVATI, TIRSAKLI VALINING MAKSIMAL AYLANISHLAR SONI, SOATLI YONILG'I SARFI VA SOLISHTIRMA YONILG'I SARFLARIGA TA'SIRI.....	86
Abdug'aniyev Shohruh Oxunjon o'g'li, Abdusattorov Nodirjon Abduljalil o'g'li	
FROM TRADITIONAL BANKING TO FINTECH ECOSYSTEMS: PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS	90
Rano Parpieva	
ZAMONAVIY SHAROITDA MEHNAT MOTIVATSIYASI NAZARIYASINI RIVOJLANTIRISHDA INSONIY MUNOSABATLAR MAKTABINING AHAMIYATI	92
Aslanov Aziz Mexmonovich	
ВОДНО-ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКИЙ КОМПРОМИСС В СИСТЕМЕ ЦУР УЗБЕКИСТАНА: ЭМПИРИЧЕСКИЙ АНАЛИЗ МЕЖЦЕЛЕВЫХ КОНФЛИКТОВ	96
Салахутдинова Юлдуз Голибовна	
THE ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND ITS ROLE IN GLOBAL GROWTH	99
Nurova Farog'at Salohiddin qizi	
AHOLINING MOLIYAVIY FIRIBGARLIKKA ALDANISH EHTIMOLINI KAMAYTIRISHDA MOLIYAVIY TA'LIMNING O'RNI.....	102
Irgashev Anvar Farxodovich	
SUN'IY INTELLEKT ASOSIDA TASHQI SAVDONI OPTIMALLASHTIRISH VA ENERGETIKA XAVFSIZLIGINI BOSHQARISH MEKANIZMLARI.....	105
Nosirbekov Sanjarbek Toxirbekovich	
SANOATDA IQTISODIY MOLIYAVIY HISSOBOTLAR XALQARO STANDARTLARINI RAQOBATBARDOSH KORPORATIV STRATEGIYALARNI SHAKLLANTIRISHDA QO'LLASH	107
Turaboyev Ibroxim Ismoil o'g'li	
KICHIK BIZNESDA INVESTITSIYA SAMARADORLIGINI BAHOLASH MEKANIZMLARINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH YO'LLARI.....	111
Xakimov Akbar Anvarovich	
AXBOROT-KOMMUNIKATSIYA TEXNOLOGIYALARI SOHASIDA NOMODDIY AKTIVLARNING IQTISODIY MAZMUN-MOHİYATI	114
Ishanqulov Izzatilla Nurillayevich	
MEHNAT HAQIDAN OLINADIGAN SOLIQLAR VA MAJBURIY TO'LOVLAR HISOBINI O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI SOLIQ KODEKSI ASOSIDA TAKOMILLASHTIRISH	117
Nomofov Ilhomjon Ziyodullo o'g'li	
FINTECH TEXNOLOGIYALARI ASOSIDA TIJORAT BANKLARI RAQAMLI INFRATUZILMASINI MODERNIZATSIYA QILISH	119
Hazratkulov Faxriyor Abdumuxammad o'g'li	
ОЦЕНКА ЛИДЕРСКОЙ ЗРЕЛОСТИ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЙ СФЕРЫ КУЛЬТУРЫ В УСЛОВИЯХ ТРАНСФОРМАЦИИ КРЕАТИВНОЙ ЭКОНОМИКИ УЗБЕКИСТАНА	122
Абдусаламова Фароғат Сунатиллаевна	
STATE OF DEVELOPMENT AND DYNAMICS OF THE FRUIT PROCESSING INDUSTRY.....	125
Yusufova Laylo Gayrat kizi	
STARTAP LOYIHALARINING MILLIY IQTISODIYOTNING INNOVATSION RIVOJLANISHIDAGI ROLI.....	132
Ko'chimova Madinabonu Qaxramon qizi, Sheraliyev Nurbek Jumanazar o'g'li	
AKSIYADORLIK JAMIYATLARI SAMARADORLIGI VA BOZOR QIYMATINI SHAKLLANTIRISHNING KO'P FAKTORLI MODELLARI.....	135
Jumatova Gulzar Maxmud qizi	



INNOVATSION RIVOJLANISHDA MEHNAT RESURSLARINING SAMARADORLIGINI HISOBLASH USULLARI.....	139
Artiqova O'g'iljon Zafar qizi	
INSTITUTIONAL FEATURES OF STATE REGULATION OF PRODUCT QUALITY MANAGEMENT	143
Atakulov Askad Raimkulovich	
TA'LIM MARKAZINING OBRO'SI VA RAQOBATBARDOSHLIGIGA MALAKALI XODIMLARNING TA'SIRINI BAHOLASH.....	146
Razzoqova Zebo Xusniddinova	
THE IMPACT OF RAPID TAX DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYSTEMS ON THE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND PROSPECTS FOR THEIR DEVELOPMENT.....	149
Solihova Xumora Xasan kizi	
МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЕ МАКРОЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО ВЛИЯНИЯ ОБЩЕСТВА 5.0 НА УСТОЙЧИВОЕ СОЦИАЛЬНО-ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОЕ РАЗВИТИЕ СТРАН БРИКС-Т.....	153
Калдибаев Нурлан Алимжанович	
AKSIYADORLIK JAMIYATLARIDA MOLIVAVIY SHAFFOFLIKNING INVESTITSION JOZIBADORLIKKA TA'SIRI.....	156
Kurashev Sobir Saidmurod o'g'li	
O'ZBEKISTONDA REKREATSION TURIZMNI RIVOJLANTIRISHNING ILMIY-AMALIY O'ZIGA XOS JIHATLARI	159
Po'latova Mavluda Sanjar qizi	
ПРИЗНАКИ ПРОБЛЕМНЫХ КРЕДИТОВ И УПРАВЛЕНИЕ ИХ КАЧЕСТВОМ.....	162
Улмасой Ахмедова Хусан кизи	
THE ECONOMIC ESSENCE OF LABOR AND ITS INTERPRETATION IN THE CONTEXT OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS.....	165
Nomozov Ilhomjon Ziyadullah ugli	
MADANIYLASHTIRILGAN GO'SHTNING QAYTA ISHLANGAN GO'SHT MAHSULOTLARI XOM ASHYOSIDA ISHTIROKI.....	168
Xaydarova Sitara Suranbay qizi	
NOMODDIY AKTIVLAR AUDITIDA RISKLARNI BAHOLASH VA AUDITORLIK DALILLARINI TO'PLASH USLUBIYOTINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH.....	170
Ishanqulov Izzatilla Nurillayevich	
MEHNAT HAQI AUDITINING NAZARIY-USLUBIY ASOSLARI VA XALQARO AUDIT STANDARTLARI (ISA) KONTEKSTIDAGI TALQINI.....	173
Nomozov Ilhomjon Ziyodullo o'g'li	
BANK RISKLARINING BANK FAOLIYATIDAGI AHAMIYATI, TURLARI VA XUSUSIYATLARI.....	175
Hakimova Nargiza Abduraimovna	
RAQAMLI TRANSFORMATSIYA TADBIQ QILISH YO'NALISHLARI VA INSTRUMENTLARI TAHLILI	180
Abdurahmonov Abdumalik Abdurashidovich	
MODERN TRENDS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SUBJECTS ENGAGED IN MEAT PROCESSING IN THE CONTEXT OF INNOVATIVE DIRECTION.....	184
Sitara Khaydarova	
"XAVFSIZ SHAHAR" TIZIMLARIDA RAQAMLI TEXNOLOGIYALAR VA SUN'IY INTELLEKTDAN FOYDALANISH ISTIQBOLLARI.....	188
Iminov Akbarjon Odiljon o'g'li	
O'ZBEKISTONDA NATIJAGA YO'NALTIRILGAN BYUDJETLASHTIRISHNI JORIY ETISHDA DAVLAT MOLIVASI STATISTIKASI: JORIY HOLAT VA ISTIQBOLLI REJALARI.....	190
Artikov Baxtiyor Maxkamovich	
DAVLAT QARZINI SAMARALI BOSHQARISH VA BARQAROR IQTISODIY RIVOJLANISHNI TA'MINLASH MEXANIZMLARI	193
Sattoriy Fayzulloh Abdijabbor o'g'li	



O'Z KAPITALI HISOBINI YURITISHDA XALQARO MOLIYAVIY HISOBOT STANDARTLARINI QO'LLASHNING NAZARIY VA AMALIY ASOSLARI	196
Axmedov Latayibxon Mamitxonovich	
BIZNES JARAYONLARINI MODELLASHTIRISH ORQALI KORXONA SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISH YO'LLARI	200
Qarshiyeva Moxinur Olim qizi	
THE IMPACT OF MANAGING THE INTERREGIONAL MOBILIZATION OF QUALIFIED TEACHERS ON THE QUALITY OF EDUCATION.....	202
Karimov Dostonjon Karimovich	
O'ZBEKISTON KIMYO SANOATI KORXONALARINING IQTISODIY SAMARADORLIGI HOLATI.....	204
Suyarov Shaxzod Salim o'g'li	
ФАКТОРЫ И ПРОБЛЕМЫ ОСУЩЕСТВЛЕНИЯ УСТОЙЧИВОГО РАЗВИТИЯ МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ДЕНЕЖНЫХ ПЕРЕВОДОВ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ.	206
Гимранова О. Б.	
ASSESSING DIGITAL MATURITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: AN INTEGRATED FRAMEWORK APPROACH.....	209
Berdiyev Temurbek	
ТЕОРЕТИКО-НАУЧНЫЕ ОСНОВЫ ПОВЫШЕНИЯ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО ПОТЕНЦИАЛА ПРЕДПРИЯТИЙ НЕФТЕГАЗОВОЙ ПРОМЫШЛЕННОСТИ	213
Бекмухамедова Малика Искандарбековна	
ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКАЯ СУЩНОСТЬ И ОСОБЕННОСТИ ЦИФРОВИЗАЦИИ ФОНДОВОГО РЫНКА В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ	218
Шомуродов Равшан Турсункулович, Юсупова Нигора Собитжон кизи	
IQTISODIYOTDA OZIQ-OVQAT XAVFSIZLIGINI TA'MINLASHNING INSTITUTIONAL MECHANISMS.....	223
Amirov Otabek Xudoyberdi o'g'li	
TRANSPORT TIZIMI IQTISODIY SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISHNING NAZARIY ASOSLARI	226
Mannonov Shoxruhmirza Abdurashid o'g'li	
AXBOROT-KOMMUNIKATSIYA TEXNOLOGIYALARI SOHASIDA MOLIYAVIY NATIJALAR AUDITI METODOLOGIYASINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISHNING YAXLIT TIZIMI	231
Bekchanov Faxriddin Atabekovich	
FINANCING SYSTEM OF EXPORT ACTIVITIES OF SMALL BUSINESS ENTITIES IN THE IMPROVING....	234
Karamatdinova Aysawle Paraxatovna	
GENERATIV SUN'IY INTELLEKT INFRATUZILMASINING MINTAQAVIY IQTISODIYOTNI TRANSFORMATSIYA QILISHDAGI O'RNI	236
Saidov Jaloladdin Allaberganovich	
STRATEGIC INTEGRATION OF DIGITAL MARKETING TECHNOLOGIES IN SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES: DRIVERS, BARRIERS, AND ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE.....	239
Pirmatov Oybek Shovkat ugli	
QORAQALPOG'ISTON RESPUBLIKASIDA KICHIK VA O'RTA BIZNESNING HUDUDIIY RIVOJLANISH XUSUSIYATLARI.....	243
Reimbergenov Xurrambek Xushnudovich	
FEATURES AND PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMETRIC MODELING OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.....	246
Choriev Tolib Azamovich	
FEATURES OF INVESTMENT BEHAVIOUR IN THE CONTEXT OF FINTECH TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	251
Karimova Nurjakhon Olim kizi	
DAVLAT-XUSUSIY SHERIKLIK ASOSIDA HUDUDIIY INFRATUZILMAGA INVESTITSİYALARNI JALB ETISH MECHANISMS TAKOMILLASHTIRISH	255
Ismoilov Azizbek Rustamjon o'g'li	



RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOT SHAROITIDA ELEKTRON BOZORLAR ORQALI XALQARO SAVDONI RIVOJLANTIRISH ISTIQBOLLARI.....	259
Hamroyeva Umida	
TO'QIMACHILIK KORXONALARIDA TEXNOLOGIK MODERNIZATSIYANING IQTISODIY MAZMUNI VA NAZARIY ASOSLARI.....	262
Sarimsaqov Sherzod Xamidovich	
INCREASING THE COMPETITIVENESS OF ENTERPRISES IN THE CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS INDUSTRY	268
Toshpulatov Asronbek Mutalibovich	
O'ZBEKISTON TIJORAT BANKLARINING KAPITAL BOZORI ORQALI RESURS BAZASINI KENGAYTIRISH AMALIYOTI VA ISTIQBOLLARI.....	272
Otabek Oltiboyev	
TASHQI SAVDO OPERATSIYALARIDA VALYUTA NAZORATINI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH ORQALI EKSPORTNI RAG'BATLANTIRISH	275
Israilov Avazbek Rustam o'g'li	
XALQARO UNIVERSITET BOSHQARUVIDA STAKEHOLDER YONDASHUVI: ZAMONAVIY MODELLAR VA RIVOJLANISH TENDENSIYALARI.....	277
Tursunmuratov Sherzod Turdimuratovich	
ВОПРОСЫ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЯ МЕХАНИЗМОВ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЙ ПОДДЕРЖКИ В УПРАВЛЕНИИ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТЬЮ СЕМЕЙНЫХ ПРЕДПРИЯТИЙ.....	279
Султанов Бобирмирзо Мавлонжон угли	
TRANSPORT SOHASIDA AYOLLAR BANDLIGINI TA'MINLASH MUAMMOLARINI INTEGRATSIYALASHGAN BOSHQARUVNI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH ASOSIDA HAL ETISH	283
Abdukarimova Dilnozaxon Mamurjon qizi	
RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOT SHAROITIDA TO'QIMACHILIK SANOATINI RIVOJLANTIRISHNING USTUVOR YO'NALISHLARI	287
Nurullayeva Mexribon Muratovna	
OPTIMIZATION OF THE FOOD SUPPLY AND DELIVERY SYSTEM IN TASHKENT REGION	290
Mavlanov Sobirjon Pardabayevich	
THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIAL PROTECTION AND ITS INTERRELATIONSHIP WITH SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.....	293
Abduzoirov Mukhiddin, Abdulloev Amrullo, Inomjon Quadratov	
SUG'URTA XIZMATLARI BOZORINI BOSHQARISHGA OID ILMIY YONDASHUVLARNING EVOLYUTSIYASI..	299
Kurbonov S.A.	
INSTITUTIONAL FACTORS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF WOMEN'S ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN RURAL UZBEKISTAN: AN ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS	304
Saidakbarova Ziyoda Doniyor qizi	
ФАКТОРИНГ КАК ИНСТРУМЕНТ УПРАВЛЕНИЯ ДЕБИТОРСКОЙ ЗАДОЛЖЕННОСТЬЮ ТЕКСТИЛЬНЫХ ПРЕДПРИЯТИЙ	310
Дадабоева Муштари Хамидиллаевна	
QISHLOQ XO'JALIGINI RIVOJLANTIRISHDA AGROKLASTERLARNING O'RNI VA ISTIQBOLLARI	314
Berdiyev Abdumalik Hakimovich	
RAQAMLI ASALARICHILIK TEXNOLOGIYALARI SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISH TAMOYILLARI	318
Farmanov Jonibek Ziyadullaevich	
СУЩНОСТЬ И ОСОБЕННОСТИ УВЕЛИЧЕНИЯ КАПИТАЛИЗАЦИИ КОММЕРЧЕСКИХ БАНКОВ.....	322
Шомуродов Равшан, Жуманазаров Шахобиддин	
INVESTITSION FAOLLIKNI OSHIRISHNING MOLIYA-KREDIT MEKANIZMI: XORIJIY DAVLATLAR AMALIY TAJRIBASI	326
I. Madaminov	



TRANSPORT SOHASIDA AYOLLAR BANDLIGINI OSHIRISHNING AYOLLAR FAROVONLIGI VA IQTISODIY RIVOJLANISHGA TA'SIRI	329
Rahmatov Ziyodullo, Abdukarimova Dilnozaxon	
НАПРАВЛЕНИЯ СОВЕРШЕНСТВОВАНИЯ УПРАВЛЕНИЯ МИГРАЦИОННЫМИ ПРОЦЕССАМИ В РЕСПУБЛИКЕ УЗБЕКИСТАН НА ОСНОВЕ ЦИФРОВЫХ ТЕХНОЛОГИЙ	332
Ёкубжон Тоҳиров	
ВЗАИМОСВЯЗЬ ВЫБРОСОВ CO ₂ , ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО РАЗВИТИЯ И ДОСТУПА К ЧИСТОМУ ТОПЛИВУ И ТЕХНОЛОГИЯМ С РАСХОДАМИ НА ЗДРАВООХРАНЕНИЕ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ: ЭКОНОМЕТРИЧЕСКИЙ АНАЛИЗ	336
Эркинбаева Камила Жавланбековна	
ВЛИЯНИЕ НЕФТЯНОЙ ЗАВИСИМОСТИ И УРОВНЯ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО РАЗВИТИЯ НА ЭНЕРГЕТИЧЕСКИЙ РИСК УЗБЕКИСТАНА: ЭКОНОМЕТРИЧЕСКИЙ АНАЛИЗ.....	341
Эркинбаева Камила, Бекзод Кузибаев	
МЕХАНИЗМ РЕАЛИЗАЦИИ ТУРИСТСКИХ ПРОДУКТОВ НА ОСНОВЕ МЕСТНЫХ СООБЩЕСТВ	347
Абзалова Нозимахон Нодирбек кизи	
THE ROLE OF DIGITAL PLATFORMS IN CONDUCTING ELECTRONIC SALES OF ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS	350
Tuychiyev Shavkatjon Shokirali o'g'li	
LATENT DEMAND AND THE CAPACITY ILLUSION IN RAIL TRANSPORT	354
Kurambayev Alisher Saburbayevich	

LATENT DEMAND AND THE CAPACITY ILLUSION IN RAIL TRANSPORT

Kurambayev Alisher Saburbayevich

Associate Professor, Transport University

E-mail: ali.sher@mail.ru

Abstract. This thesis examines the extent to which observed ticket sales may not fully reflect the level of unmet demand in railway passenger transport, particularly when services operate at or near full capacity. The study aims to distinguish between booked demand and latent demand and to demonstrate, through an access-coefficient adjustment, that potential unmet demand can be estimated quantitatively. Latent demand was reconstructed for a national high-speed passenger service across four domestic routes by adjusting observed weekly seat sales using a booking-access coefficient calibrated to service frequency. The results indicate an overall shortage coefficient of 0.367, suggesting that a substantial share of potential passengers may remain unaccommodated under existing capacity conditions. The corresponding estimated weekly foregone ticket revenue exceeds five billion UZS, with the largest absolute value observed on the highest-frequency route.

Keywords: latent demand, censored demand, railway passenger transport, capacity shortage, foregone ticket revenue.

Annotatsiya. Mazkur tezisda temir yo'l yo'lovchi transportida kuzatiladigan chipta savdosi, ayniqsa, xizmatlar to'liq yoki to'liq quvvatga yaqin darajada ishlayotgan sharoitlarda, qondirilmagan talabning haqiqiy darajasini to'liq aks ettirmasligi mumkinligi o'rganilgan. Tadqiqotning maqsadi bron qilingan talab va yashirin talab o'rtasidagi farqni aniqlashtirish hamda kirish koeffitsiyenti asosidagi tuzatish orqali potentsial qondirilmagan talabni miqdoriy baholash mumkinligini ko'rsatishdan iborat. Yashirin talab milliy yuqori tezlikdagi yo'lovchi tashish xizmatining to'rtta ichki yo'nalishi bo'yicha xizmat ko'rsatish chastotasiga moslashtirilgan bron qilish imkoniyati koeffitsiyenti yordamida kuzatilgan haftalik o'rindiqli savdosi ko'rsatkichlarini tuzatish orqali qayta hisoblandi. Natijalar umumiy taqchillik koeffitsiyenti 0,367 ni tashkil etishini ko'rsatdi, bu mavjud sig'im sharoitida potentsial yo'lovchilarning sezilarli qismi xizmatdan foydalana olmay qolishi mumkinligini anglatadi. Hisoblangan haftalik yo'qotilgan chipta tushumi 5 milliard so'mdan oshadi, eng katta mutlaq ko'rsatkich esa qatnov chastotasi eng yuqori bo'lgan yo'nalishda kuzatilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: yashirin talab, senzuralangan talab, temir yo'l yo'lovchi transporti, sig'im taqchilligi, yo'qotilgan chipta tushumi.

INTRODUCTION

A service that runs at full occupancy is conventionally read as a sign of strong, satisfied demand. In railway passenger transport, this interpretation may be incomplete whenever tickets sell out before the full pool of willing travellers has had the opportunity to book: the observed sales figure then measures capacity, not demand, and the gap between the two — latent demand — may not be fully captured by assessments based solely on booking data. The purpose of this thesis is to formalise this distinction theoretically and to show that the resulting shortage is not a marginal statistical nuance but an economically significant, measurable phenomenon.

LITERATURE REVIEW

P. Belobaba develops probabilistic seat-inventory models that explicitly separate observed bookings from the underlying demand distribution in capacity-constrained transport services [1], establishing that booking data alone cannot recover true demand once a service constrains sales. K. Talluri and G. van Ryzin formalise this distinction as the demand-unconstraining problem within revenue-management theory [2], providing statistical methods to reconstruct latent demand from censored sales records, though their treatment is developed for airline and hotel contexts rather than tariff-regulated rail.

A. Kahn explains why tariff-regulated network operators cannot freely use price to clear excess demand [3], which is precisely the institutional condition under which unconstraining becomes necessary: price cannot adjust, so the gap must be measured rather than eliminated by the market. M. Wardman's work on public transport demand valuation [4] supplies the economic basis for converting a passenger shortfall into a monetary loss estimate, but does not itself address how the shortfall should be estimated in the first place.

Consequently, the seat-inventory and revenue-management literature explains how to reconstruct latent demand from censored records, while the regulation and valuation literature explains why such reconstruction is institutionally necessary and how to price its consequence — yet the two have not been jointly applied to a tariff-regulated rail passenger service. This thesis closes that gap with an empirical application.



RESEARCH METHODS

Latent demand was reconstructed from observed weekly seating capacity using a booking-access coefficient (K_{acc}), calibrated to each route's service frequency (ranging from 0.50 for a single weekly departure to 0.65 for daily service), on the premise that lower frequency restricts the share of true demand able to convert into an observed booking:

$$Q_d = \frac{Q_c}{K_{acc}} \quad (1)$$

where Q_c is the observed weekly capacity and Q_d is the reconstructed latent demand. The shortage coefficient, expressing the share of latent demand left unaccommodated, was then computed as:

$$K_t = \frac{Q_d - Q_c}{Q_d} \quad (2)$$

The resulting shortage volume was converted into a monetary loss estimate using the applicable economy-class fare for each route, yielding a weekly economic loss figure comparable across routes of different lengths, frequencies, and tariff levels.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

The comparison between observed capacity and reconstructed latent demand across the four routes is shown in Figure 1; the corresponding shortage coefficients and economic losses are summarised in Table 1.

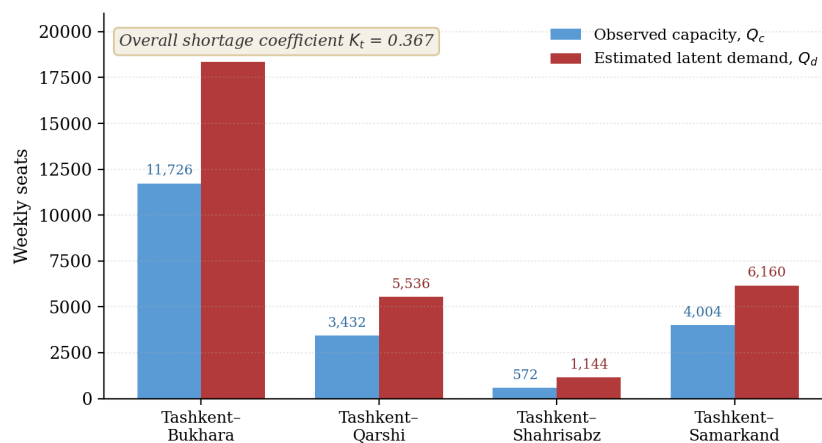


Figure 1. Observed capacity versus reconstructed latent demand by route¹

Table 1

Route-level shortage coefficients and weekly economic loss²

Route	Capacity Q_c	Shortage K_t	Weekly economic loss
Tashkent–Bukhara	11,726	0.361	3.38 bn UZS
Tashkent–Qarshi	3,432	0.380	0.89 bn UZS
Tashkent–Shahrisabz	572	0.500	0.29 bn UZS
Tashkent–Samarkand	4,004	0.350	0.67 bn UZS
Total / weighted average	19,734	0.367	5.23 bn UZS

Across all four routes, latent demand exceeds observed capacity by a wide margin, and the overall shortage coefficient of 0.367 indicates that more than a third of willing passengers cannot be accommodated. The highest-frequency route, Tashkent–Bukhara, accounts for the largest absolute loss despite its comparatively moderate shortage ratio, while the lowest-frequency route, Tashkent–Shahrisabz, exhibits the highest shortage ratio of all — half of its latent demand goes unmet.

The finding directly illustrates the unconstraining problem identified by P. Belobaba [1] and formalised by K. Talluri and G. van Ryzin [2]: because the service sells out, observed bookings equal capacity by construction and therefore convey

¹ Source: author's calculations.

² Source: author's calculations.

no information about how much demand exists beyond that ceiling. Absent the access-coefficient correction, an assessment based solely on full occupancy across all four routes may suggest that observed demand has been fully accommodated, even though additional latent demand may remain.

The relatively higher shortage observed on the lowest-frequency route is broadly consistent with A. Kahn's regulatory framework [3]. Within a regulated tariff environment, service frequency and available capacity can play an important role in determining how effectively passenger demand is accommodated. Accordingly, routes with less frequent services may exhibit higher estimated shortage ratios, particularly where booking opportunities are limited. This suggests that, alongside tariff considerations, service frequency and capacity allocation may be important factors in improving the alignment between available services and passenger demand.

The practical implication, following M. Wardman's valuation logic [4], is that the reconstructed weekly foregone ticket revenue of over five billion UZS represents potential revenue that neither a load-factor statistic nor a financial report may fully reveal, since both are computed from the same capacity-constrained booking data that may limit the visibility of latent demand. Capacity-planning decisions based on occupancy alone may therefore lead to insufficient capacity allocation on routes where latent demand is relatively high.

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS

This thesis has shown that full occupancy in a capacity-constrained, tariff-regulated rail service does not necessarily indicate that total passenger demand has been fully satisfied and may instead reflect the effects of capacity-constrained measurement. The findings also demonstrate that latent demand can be reconstructed and its potential revenue implications estimated quantitatively. Future research should extend the access-coefficient calibration using longitudinal booking-pattern data and test its sensitivity across seasons and service classes.

References

1. Belobaba P. P. OR Practice — Application of a Probabilistic Decision Model to Airline Seat Inventory Control // Operations Research. — 1989. — Vol. 37, No. 2. — P. 183–197. — DOI: 10.1287/opre.37.2.183.
2. Talluri K. T., van Ryzin G. J. The Theory and Practice of Revenue Management. — New York: Springer, 2004. — 713 p. — DOI: 10.1007/b139000.
3. Kahn A. E. The Economics of Regulation: Principles and Institutions. — Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1988. — 616 p.
4. Wardman M. Public Transport Values of Time // Transport Policy. — 2004. — Vol. 11, No. 4. — P. 363–377. — DOI: 10.1016/j.tranpol.2004.05.001.



Ingliz tili muharriri: Feruz Hakimov

Musahhih: Zokir Alibekov

Sahifalovchi va dizayner: Iskandar Islomov

2026

© Materiallar ko'chirib bosilganda "Muhandislik va iqtisodiyot" jurnali manba sifatida ko'rsatilishi shart. Jurnalda bosilgan material va reklamalardagi dalillarning aniqligiga mualliflar ma'sul. Tahririyat fikri har vaqt ham mualliflar fikriga mos kelamasligi mumkin. Tahririyatga yuborilgan materiallar qaytarilmaydi.

"Muhandislik va iqtisodiyot" jurnali 26.06.2023-yildan
O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Adminstratsiyasi huzuridagi
Axborot va ommaviy kommunikatsiyalar agentligi tomonidan
№S-5669245 reyestr raqami tartibi bo'yicha ro'yxatdan o'tkazilgan.
Litsenziya raqami: №095310.

**Manzilimiz: Toshkent shahri Yunusobod
tumani 15-mavze 19-uy**





+998 93 718 40 07



<https://muhandislik-iqtisodiyot.uz/index.php/journal>



t.me/yait_2100